NOVEMBER 2022 GENERAL ELECTION CANDIDATES

UNITED STATES SENATOR

RAND PAUL (REP)

CHARLES BOOKER (DEM)

UNITED STATES REPREENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

5TH CONGRESSIONAL DIST.

HAROLD "HAL" ROGERS (REP)

CONOR HALBLEIB (DEM)

STATE SENATOR

30TH SENATORIAL DIST.

BRANDON D. SMITH (REP)

SID ALLEN (DEM)

STATE REPRESENTATIVE

90TH REPRESENTATIVE DIST.

DEREK LEWIS (REP)

COUNTY JUDGE EXECUTIVE

WILLIAM R. LEWIS (REP)

COUNTY ATTORNEY

LEROY LEWIS (REP)

COUNTY CLERK

ONZIE SIZEMORE (REP)

COUNTY CORONER

GREGORY DWAYNE WALKER (REP)

JAILER

DANNY CLARK (REP)

PROPERTY VALUATION ADMINISTRATOR

JEFF W. BOGGS (REP)

SHERIFF

BILLY MICHAEL COLLETT (REP)

MAGISTRATE DIST. 1

RUSSELL D. BROCK (REP)

MAGISTRATE DIST. 2

ROSCOE ASHER (REP)

MAGISTRATE DIST. 3

DUSTY BAKER (REP)

GREGORY DAVIDSON (IND)

MAGISTATE DIST. 4

JOHN NEWELL (REP)

CONSTABLE DIST. 1

EUGENE "FRIDAY" ROBERTS (REP)

CONSTABLE DIST. 2

BALLARD BROCK JR. (REP)

CONSTABLE DIST. 3

ISAAC HOLLINS (REP)

CONSTABLE DIST. 4

MICHAEL FELTNER (REP)

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS

7TH APPELLATE DIST. 1ST DIVISION

SARA COMBS

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS

7TH APPELLATE DIST. 2ND DIVISION

LARRY E. THOMPSON

CIRCUIT JUDGE 41ST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

1ST DIVISION

OSCAR GAYLE HOUSE

CIRCUIT JUDGE "FAMILY COURT"

41ST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

1ST DIVISION

CLINT J. HARRIS

DISTRICT JUDGE 41ST

41ST JUDICIAL DIST.

1ST DIVISION

ALLEN B. ROBERTS

DISTRICT JUDGE

41ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT

2ND DIVISION

HENRIA BAILEY-LEWIS

CITY COMMISSIONER

- 1. RANDALL COMBS
- 2. JENNIFER CAMPBELL
- 3. LINDA S. CRAFT
- 4. JAMES E. "BILL" NAPIER

CITY MAYOR

CAROL LEWIS JOSEPH

(CITY BALLOT QUESTION)

LOCAL QUESTION

ARE YOU IN FAVOR OF THE SALE OF ALCHOLIC

BEVERAGES IN THE CITY OF HYDEN?

SOIL CONSERVATION DIST. SUPERVISIOR

- 1. FRANK WAYNE BAKER
- 2. SHIRLEY J. RAMEY
- 3. EDDIE ESTRIDGE
- 4. LOGAN DANIEL SIZEMORE

SCHOOL BOARD MEMBER DIST. 1

LONNIE B. NAPIER

SCHOOL BOARD MEMBER DIST. 5

- 1. ROBIN BARNES LEWIS
- 2. JAMES WELLS

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 1

"Are you in favor of amending the present Constitution of Kentucky to repeal sections 36 42 and 55 and replace those sections with new sections of the Constitution of Kentucky to allow the General Assembly to meet in regular session for thirty legislative days odd-numbered years for sorty legislative days or even-numbered years and for no more than twelve additional days during any calendar year if convened by a Joint Proclamation of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with no session of the Genera Assembly to extend beyond December 31 and to provide that any act passed by the General Assembly shall become law on 1y 1 of the year in which it was passed, innetly days after passage and signature 1 the Governor whichever occurs later or in cases of emergency when approved by the Governor or when it otherwise becomes law under Section 88 of the Constitution?

Proposed New Section

1 The General Assembly, in odd-numbered years, shall convene in regular session on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in 'Are you in favor of amending the present

1 The General Assembly, in odd-numbered years, shall convene in regular session on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in January for the purpose of electing legislative leaders, adopting rules of procedure, organizing committees, and introducing and considering legislation (2) No regular session of the General Assembly occurring in odd-numbered years shall continue beyond thirty legislative days (3) No bill raising revenue or appropriating funds shall be passed by the General Assembly in a regular sess in an odd numbered year unless it shall be agreed upon by three-fifths of all the members elected to each House

Assembly in a regular sess in an odd numbered year unless it shall be agreed upon by three-fifths of all the members elected to each House (4). The General Assembly, in even-numbered years, shall convene in regular session on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in January and no regular session of the General Assembly and even-numbered years shall extend beyond sixty legislative days (5) Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the General Assembly shall establish by general faw or joint resolution the date the regular session shall end. No tx establishing a later date shall be passed by the General Assembly unless it shall be agreed upon by three fifths of all the members elected to each House. No session of the General Assembly will be supposed upon by three fifths of all the members elected to each House. No session of the General Assembly will be supposed upon by three fifths of all the members elected to each House. No session of the General Assembly will be supposed upon by three fifths of all the members elected to each House in the Session of the General Assembly while shall be agreed upon by three fifths of all the members elected to each House in the General Assembly shall extend beyond December 31 (6 in addition to a regular session, the General Assembly while convention of the House of Representatives for no more than twelve legistative days annually, during which the General Assembly may recess from time to lime as it determines necessary. Should a vacancy or the Office of the House of Representatives. All sessions of the General Assembly shall be held at the seat of government, except the Case of war insurrection or pestilence when it may be not recomment of the House with the vacancy may be issued by the Senate Pro Tempore of the House of Representatives in the Joint Proclamation for the House with the vacancy may be issued by the Senate President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives in the Joint Proclamation for the House with the vacancy may be issued

House meets Proposed New Section No act, except general appropriation bills shall become a law until July 1 of the year in which it was passed, or until ninety days after it becomes law under Section 88 of this becomes law under Section 88 of this Constitution, whichever occurs later, except in cases of emergency, when, by the concurrence of a majority of the members elected to each House of the General Assembly, by a yea and nay vote entered upon their journals, an act may become a law when approved by the Governor or when it otherwise becomes a law under Section 88, but the reasons for the emergency that justifies this action must be set out at length in the journal of each House

CONSITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 2

"Are you in favor of amending the Constitution of Kentucky by creating a new Section of the Constitution to be numbered Section 26A to state as follows: To protect human life nothing in this Constitution shall be construed to secur or protect a right to abortion or require the funding of abortion?"

Yes

No